



MINI TOURING CAR

#### CONGRATULATIONS

The XRAY T1 Mini is more than just a high-performance 1/12th scale 4WD mini touring car. It is a scaled-down version of the highly-successful T1 touring car and includes all the greatest features of the T1 family. The design of the XRAY T1 Mini is focused on blending extraordinary materials with racecar lineage to offer a responsive ride, luxurious elegant design, finest quality, and of course best track performance.

The XRAY T1 Mini is a great car for fun racing. It is is much easier to drive than standard touring cars, it is much more affordable, and motor wear is reduced but the performance is outstanding! The XRAY T1 Mini has the racing pedigree of the XRAY T1 family and can be used for very high competition racing, but is also well suited for novice drivers who choose the XRAY T1 Mini as their entrance into the R/C hobby.

Even with the standard setup, the XRAY T1 Mini gives a very stable, predictable driving experience. However, you can adjust numerous settings on the T1M to tune it for maximum performance.

We have made every effort to make these instructions as easy to understand as possible. However, if you have any difficulties, problems, or questions, please do not hesitate to contact the XRAY support team at support@teamxray.com. Also, please visit our web site at www.teamxray.com to find the latest updates, setup information, option parts, and many other goodies.

As the proud owner of an XRAY T1 Mini, you are cordially invited to join Team XRAY. Use your Certificate of Authenticity to register your XRAY T1 Mini at world's largest RC portal www.myTSN.com to get access to the special XRAY VIP ROOM --- we pride ourselves on really taking care of our customers.

Welcome to Team XRAY!

#### R/C & BUILDING TIPS

- Read and fully understand the instruction manual before building.
- Always keep this instruction manual ready at hand for quick reference, even after completing the assembly.
- Clear a work area for assembling the kit.
- Work on a light-colored towel so any dropped parts are easy to find.
- Only open bags of parts for the assembly section you are building; do not open parts bags before required.
- Make sure all screws are tight, and check them periodically.
   Make sure the chassis screws do not protrude below the chassis.
- For best performance, it is very important to ensure the free movement of all parts.
- Tap or pre-thread plastic parts when threading screws.

• Self-tapping screws cut threads into the parts when tightened. Do not use excessive force when tightening self-tapping screws, or you may strip out the thread in the plastic. We recommend you stop tightening a screw when you feel some resistance.

Please support your local hobby shop, and ask them for any advice. We at XRAY Model Racing Cars support all local hobby dealers. Therefore we ask you, when possible, to purchase XRAY products at your hobby dealer and give them your support as we do. If you have difficulty finding XRAY products, please check out www.teamxray.com to get advice, or contact us via e-mail at support@teamxray.com, or contact the XRAY distributor in your country.

#### **ADDITIONAL ITEMS REQUIRED:**



#### TOOLS REQUIRED:

Cutting Pliers, Needlenose Pliers, Snap Ring Pliers, Allen Wrenches (1.5 mm, 2.0 mm, 2.5 mm, and 3.0 mm), Hobby Knife, Caster Clip Removal Tool, Turnbuckle Wrench, Shock Assembly Tool, Vernier Calipers (digital recommended), Soldering Iron and Solder. For ease of assembly, we strongly recommend using high-quality HUDY tools. For more information, see www.hudy.net.

In line with our policy of continuous product development, the exact specifications of the kit may vary. In the unlikely event of any problems with your new kit, you should contact the model shop were you purchased it, quoting the part number. We reserve all rights to change any specification without prior notice. All rights reserved.

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#### **BEFORE YOU START**

At the beginning of each section is an exploded view of the parts to be assembled. There is also a list of all the parts and part numbers that are related to the assembly of that section.

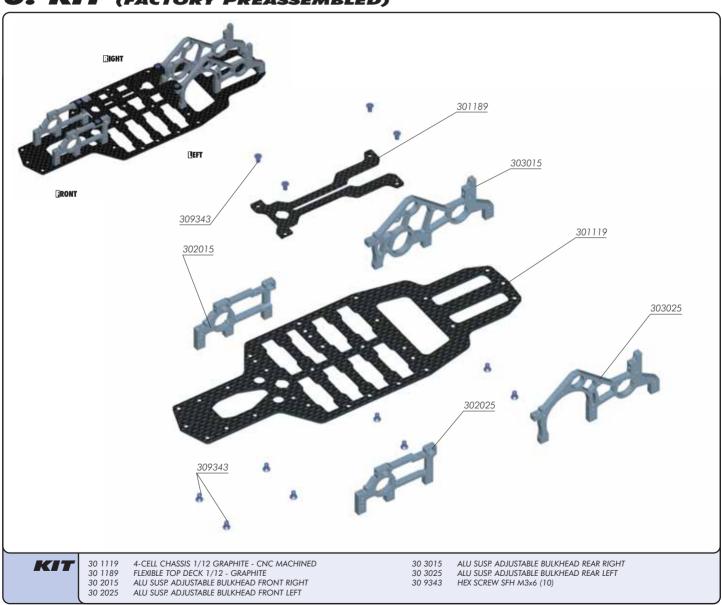
The part descriptions are color-coded to make it easier for you to identify the source of a part. Here are what the different colors mean:

STYLE A - indicates parts that are included in the bag marked for the section.

STYLE B - indicates parts that were set aside in Section 0.

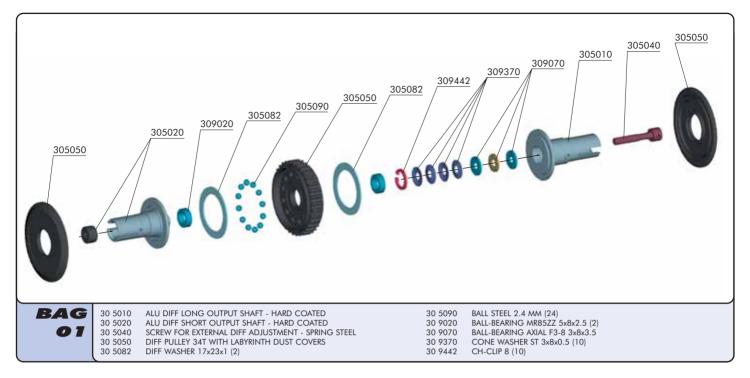
**STYLE C** - indicates parts that are already assembled from previous steps.

# O. KIT (FACTORY PREASSEMBLED)

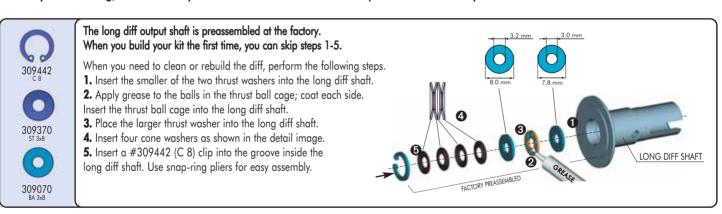


The XRAY T1 Mini comes partially preassembled. Before starting assembly, disassemble the chassis parts, noting the position and orientation of the parts, particularly the bulkheads. Keep the parts, including the screw hardware, close at hand. In the assembly steps that follow, each section begins with a parts list. Parts indicated with style B are from the previously disassembled chassis parts in section 0.

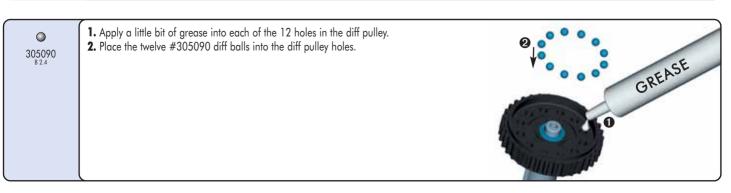
## 1. FRONT & REAR DIFFERENTIAL



Properly functioning differentials are extremely important to the performance of the car. It is imperative the differentials operate smoothly after assembly or rebuilding, and after every run. You must assemble TWO complete differentials for your T1 Mini.



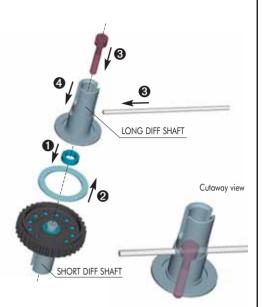




## FRONT & REAR DIFFERENTIAL



- **1.** Hold the short diff shaft with the installed pulley facing up. Place a #309020 (BB 5x8) ball-bearing on the center stub, atop the other bearing.
- **2.** Put a very thin coat of grease on the side of a #305082 diff washer, and place it on the long diff shaft. The washer should seat centered on the long diff shaft, and the layer of grease will hold it in place.
- **3.** Insert the #305040 diff screw into the top of the long diff shaft as shown, and align the holes in the screw with the holes in the diff shaft. Slide a small Allen wrench through the aligned holes in both pieces. The end of the diff screw should protrude from the center of the diff shaft.
- **4.** Hold the lower diff half upward as shown, and lower the long diff shaft with the screw pointing down onto the short diff shaft. Carefully thread the diff screw into the center of the short diff shaft. Keep tightening until the diff washer just touches the diff balls, and then tighten another 1/4 turn or until you feel some resistance. Remove the Allen wrench.



ALWAYS HOLD THE DIFFERENTIAL VERTICAL DURING ASSEMBLY, SO THE PARTS STAY IN ALIGNMENT AND THE DIFF BALLS DO NOT FALL OUT.

#### To check the differential:

Slide two wrenches into the slots on both sides of the diff shafts. Hold both wrenches in one hand and try to turn the pulley; it should take some force to get the pulley to slip between the two outdrives. Then remove both wrenches and rotate one of the diff shafts while holding the pulley stationery. The action should feel smooth.

#### To tighten the differential:

Insert a small Allen wrench into the aligned holes in the setscrew and long diff shaft. Turn the long diff shaft 1/16 to 1/8 of a turn clockwise to tighten. Remove the Allen wrench and recheck the diff.

#### To loosen the differential:

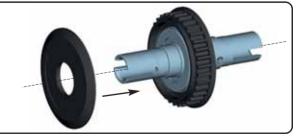
Same as tightening the differential, except turn the long diff shaft counter-clockwise to loosen.

DO NOT TIGHTEN THE DIFF COMPLETELY THE DIFF MUST BE BROKEN IN PROPERLY!

**IMPORTANT:** When you build the differential, do not tighten it fully initially; the differential needs to be broken in properly. When you build the diff tighten it very gently. When you put the diff in the car and complete the assembly, run the car for a few minutes, tighten the diff a little bit, and then recheck the diff. Repeat this process several times until you have the diff tightened to the point you want it.

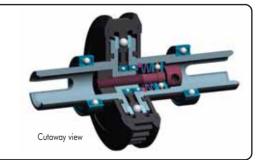
Final adjustments should ALWAYS be made with the diff in the car and on the track.

Slide two Labyrinth Dust Covers onto the ends of the diff shafts; the smooth sides of the covers face outward, away from the pulley. Squeeze the covers firmly until they both "snap" onto pulley; it may take a bit of effort to do this. Once snapped on, the covers seat perfectly.

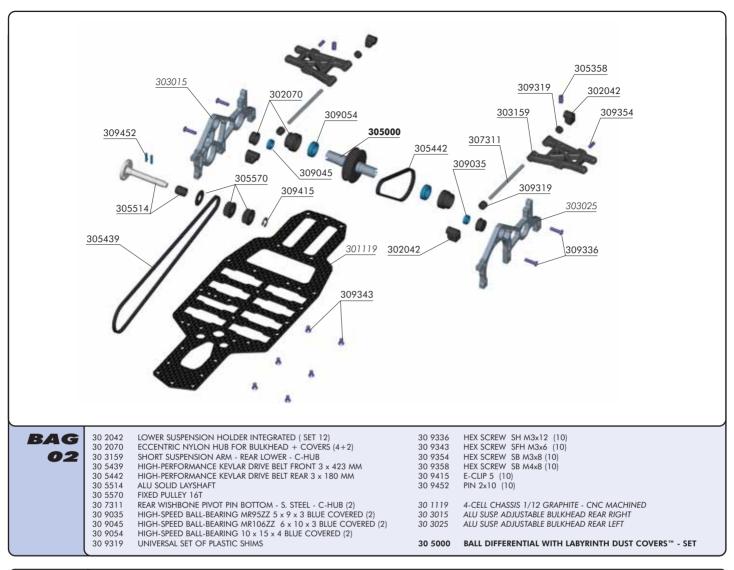


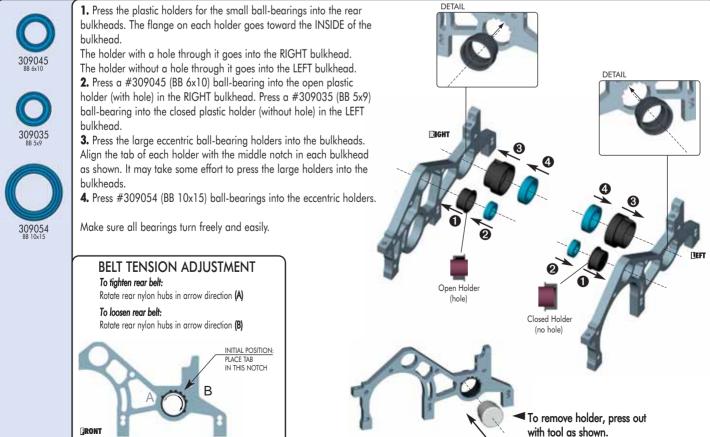
When you need to open the differential, use the shaft of a wrench to spread the dust covers apart to pop them off.





## 2. REAR TRANSMISSION





## REAR TRANSMISSION



309415

1. Insert the layshaft through the upper ball-bearing in the right rear bulkhead until the shoulder on the layshaft rests against the outside of the bearing.

2. Slide the collar over the layshaft, with the tapered end toward the bearing.

3. Slide the pulley shim over the layshaft.

4. Press a #309452 (P 2x10) pin into the layshaft hole closest to the pulley shim.

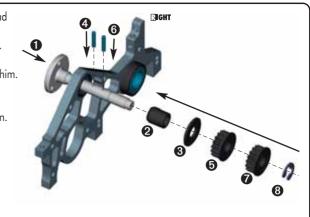
5. Slide a 16T pulley onto the layshaft, and seat it over the pin.

6. Press the other #309452 (P 2x10) pin into the other layshaft hole.

7. Slide the other 16T pulley onto the layshaft, and seat it over the second pin.

8. Snap a #309415 (C5) E-clip into the groove in the layshaft.





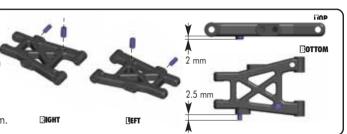


309358 SB M4x8

0 -

309354 SB M3x8 The left and right rear lower arms are mirror images. The forward edge of each arm tapers back as it goes to the outside end.

Thread #309358 (SB M4x8) screws into the holes at the rear of each rear lower arm. The screws must protrude 2.0 mm below the arms, and must be accessible from the tops of the arms for adjustment. Thread #309354 (SB M3x8) shock mounting screw into the hole located on the outside of the arm, as shown. It must protrude 2.5 mm.





309336 SH M3x12





309319 SHIM 3x7x6



309319 SHIM 3x7x3 Identify the nylon holders used to mount the rear lower arms to the rear bulkheads; they are marked for easy identification. Also identify the holes in the rear bulkheads where you will mount the lower arms.

1. Mount lower suspension holders and to the inside front of the right and left bulkheads, respectively, using #309336 (SH M3x12) screws. Use the front upper hole in each bulkhead as shown. Do not tighten the screws; leave the holders loose.

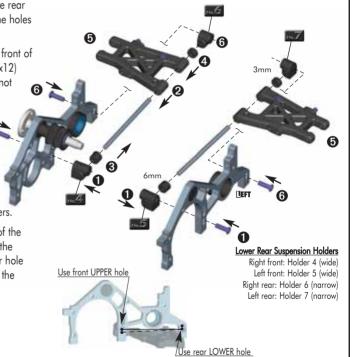
**2.** Slide a #307311 pivot pin through the holes in the two rear lower arms.

**3.** Slide a 6mm shim onto the pins in FRONT of each rear lower arm.

**4.** Slide a 3mm shim onto the pins BEHIND each rear lower arm.

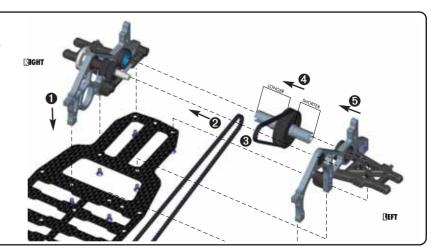
5. Position the rear lower arms in the rear bulkheads. Put the front ends of the pins into the front lower holders.

**6.** Mount lower suspension holders and to the ends of the pins on the right and left arms, respectively. Mount the holders to the bulkheads using #309336 (SH M3x12) screws. Use the rear lower hole in each rear bulkhead as shown. Do not tighten the screws; leave the holders loose.

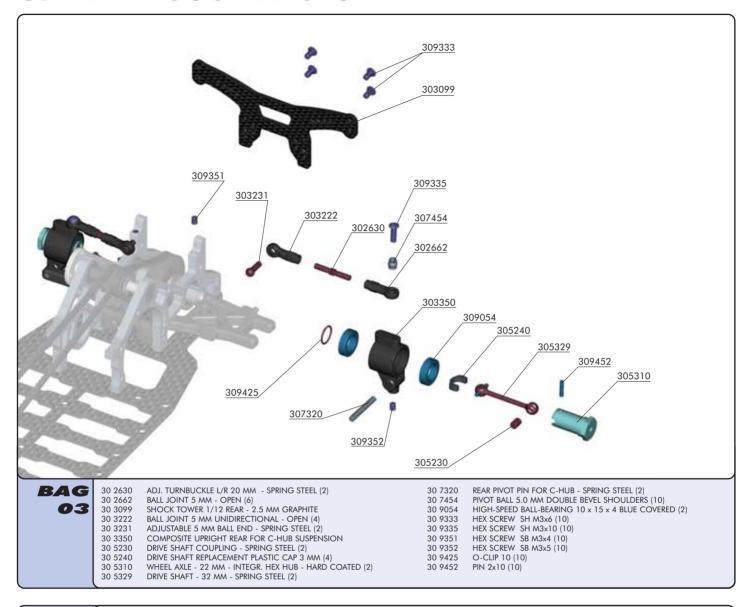




- **1.** Mount the right rear bulkhead to the lower chassis using three #309343 (SFH M3x6) screws.
- **2.** Place the long front drive belt on the layshaft pulley closest to the right bulkhead.
- **3.** Place the short rear belt onto a differential.
- **4.** Insert the longer shaft of the differential into the ball-bearing in the RIGHT bulkhead. Place the other end of the short drive belt on the layshaft's other fixed pulley.
- **5.** Slide the left rear bulkhead into position over the other end of the differential, and mount to the lower chassis using three #309343 (SFH M3x6) screws.



## 3. REAR SUSPENSION



309452 P 2x10 Build TWO axles by performing the following steps.

- 1. Lightly grease a #305230 coupling and insert it into the drive shaft joint.
- **2.** Lightly grease the drive shaft joint and slide it into the #305310 wheel axle. Align the holes in the coupling with the holes in the wheel axle.
- **3.** Insert a #309452 (P 2x10) pin through the aligned holes in the coupling and wheel axle. Make sure the pin is evenly spaced on both sides of the wheel axle.
- 4. Install the plastic cap onto the drive shaft pins.

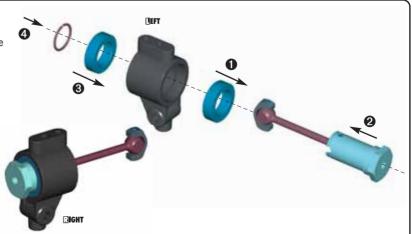




309425

Build TWO rear uprights by performing the following steps.

- **1.** Slide a #309054 (BB 10x15) ball-bearing onto the wheel axle.
- **2.** Insert the wheel axle through the rear upright until the bearing seats in the rear upright. Note the orientation of the parts in the image.
- **3.** Slide another #309054 (BB 10x15) ball-bearing onto the wheel axle. Press the bearing into the rear upright, making sure it seats properly.
- **4.** Secure the wheel axle in the rear upright by installing a #309425 snap ring in the groove of the wheel axle.



#### REAR SUSPENSION

To install a snap ring:
Place the hex portion of the wheel axle flat on a table.
Put one end of the snap ring into the groove on the opposite side of the axle cutout, and use a slotted screwdriver to work the clip into the groove.

Groove

To remove a snap ring:
Place the hex portion of the wheel axle flat on a table. Insert a small screwdriver in the axle cutout and pry it off, taking care not to let it fly off the workbench.

Use proper eye protection.

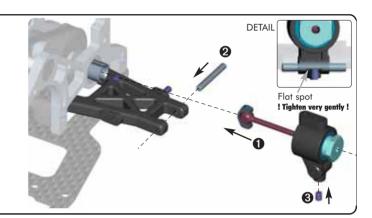
Removal



Install both rear uprights by performing the following steps.

- 1. Place the driveshaft plastic cap into the diff outdrive slot. Insert the rear upright into the end of the rear lower arm as shown. Align the hole in the bottom of the rear upright and holes in the arm.
- **2.** Slide a #307320 pivot pin through the aligned holes. Make sure the flat spot on the pivot pin is toward the bottom.
- **3.** Thread and tighten the #309352 (SB M3x5) set screw in the bottom of the rear upright until it is tight on the pivot pin. Be very careful not to overtighten the screw, as the threads may strip in the composite rear upright.

Check both rear uprights for freedom of movement.



Assemble TWO rear turnbuckles by performing the following steps.

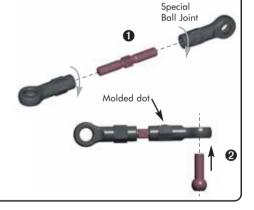
1. Thread ball joints onto the ends of a #302611 turnbuckle.

Important: There are two special #303222 unidirectional 5mm ball joints, each marked with a molded dot (see diagram). Thread these special ball joints onto the longer end of each turnbuckle. Adjust the turnbuckles to a length of 44 mm, measured end-to-end. The ball joints should be perpendicular (90°) to each other.

**2.** Snap a #303231 adjustable ball end into the special ball joint with the molded dot. Install the ball end into the side of the special ball joint OPPOSITE the molded dot.

Note: Each turnbuckle has a CCW thread on one end and a CW thread on the other end.





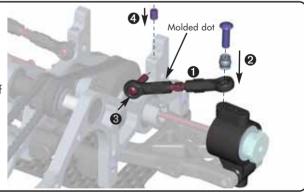


307454

309351

Assemble the TWO rear suspension arms by performing the following steps.

- 1. Place the assembled turnbuckle so the adjustable ball joint faces backward toward the rear bulkhead as shown. Place the other ball joint atop the rear upright.
- **2.** Pass a #309335 (SH M3x10) screw downward through a #307454 pivot ball and turnbuckle ball joint, and thread into the innermost hole in the top of the rear upright. Tighten until the pivot ball snaps into the ball joint, and then tighten the whole assembly.
- **3.** Insert the turnbuckle's adjustable ball end into the rear bulkhead until the ball end touches the bulkhead.
- **4.** Thread a #309351 (SB M3x4) set screw into the top of the rear bulkhead to secure the ball end.



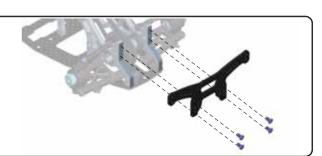


Mount the #303099 rear shock tower to the rear bulkheads with #309333 (SH M3x6) screws.

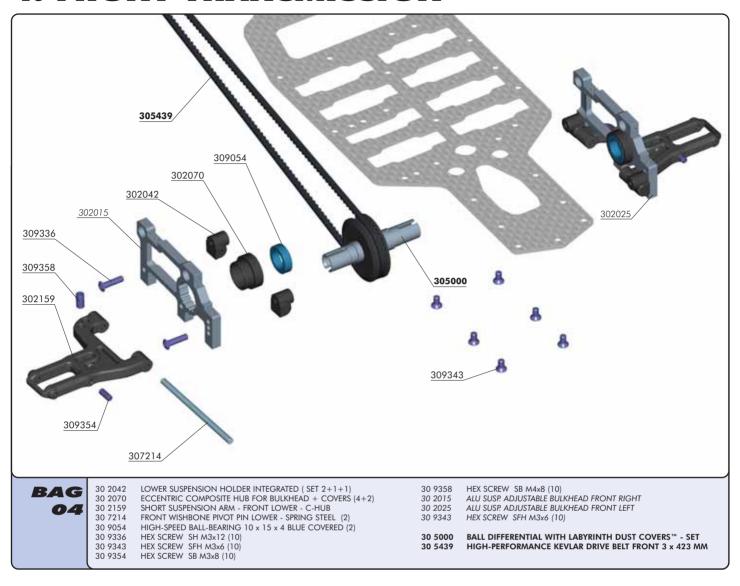
Check the rear suspension for freedom of movement.

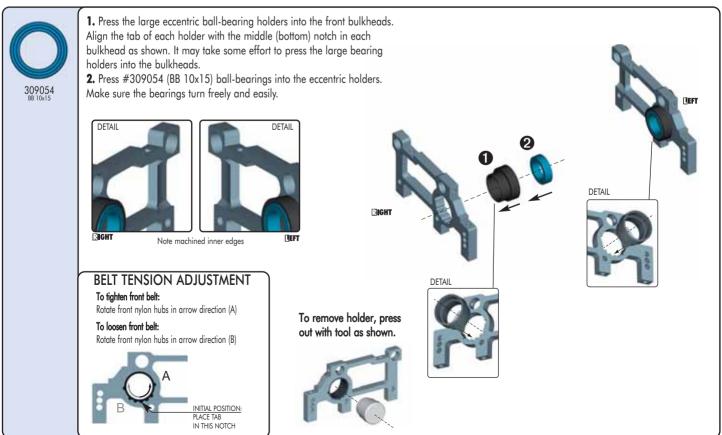
The suspension arms must fall freely when lifted up then dropped.

If there is any binding that prevents the arms from moving freely, lightly squeeze the ball joints with pliers, and then recheck.

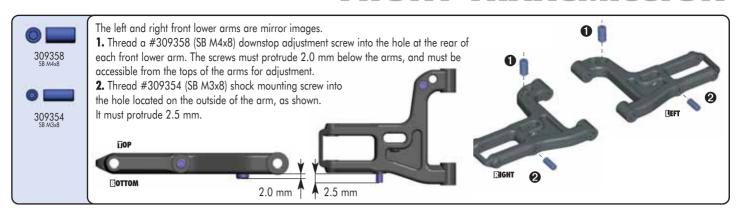


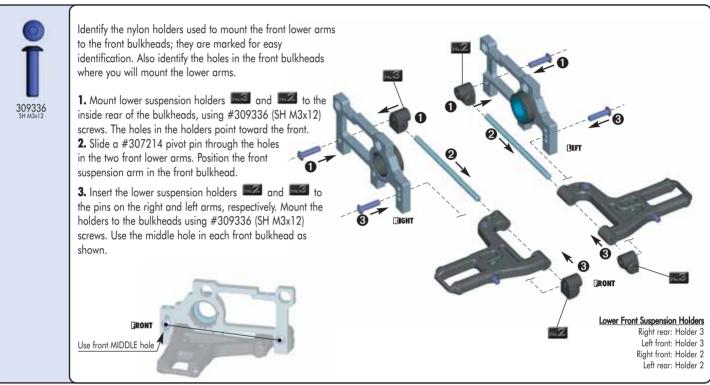
# 4. FRONT TRANSMISSION





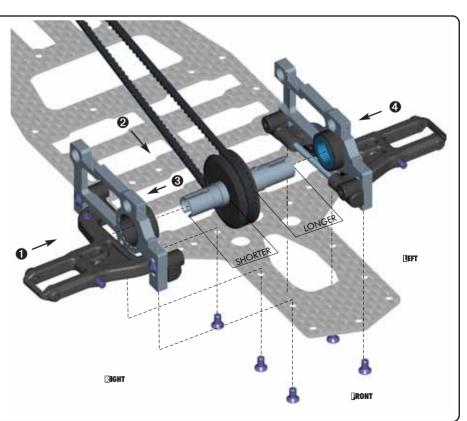
## FRONT TRANSMISSION



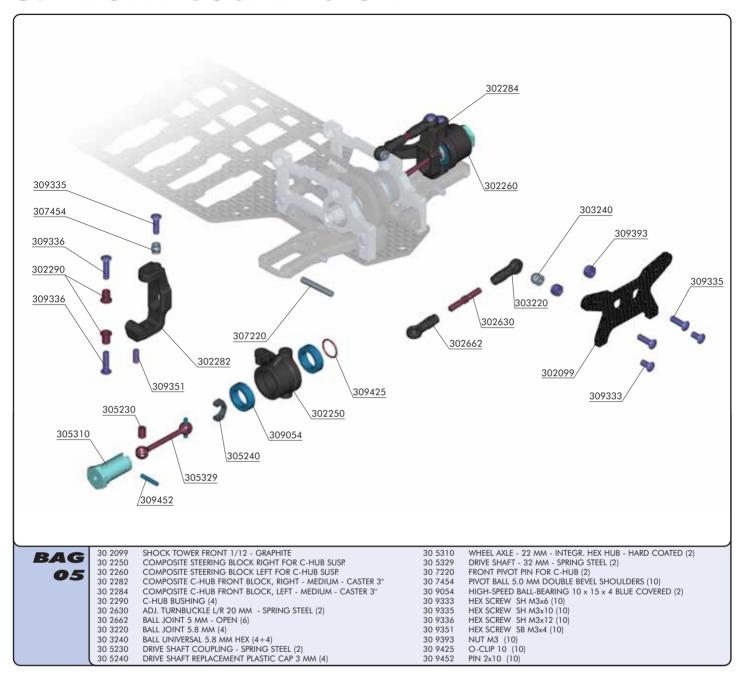




- 1. Mount the right front bulkhead to the lower chassis using three #309343 (SFH M3x6) screws.
- **2.** Place remaining differential inside the front end of the long drive belt. Make sure the differential is oriented so the shorter diff output shaft is near the right front bulkhead.
- **3.** Insert the shorter output shaft of the differential into the ball-bearing in the right front bulkhead.
- **4.** Slide the left front bulkhead into position over the other end of the differential, and mount to the lower chassis using three #309343 (SFH M3x6) screws.

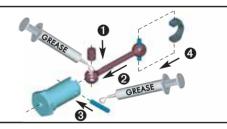


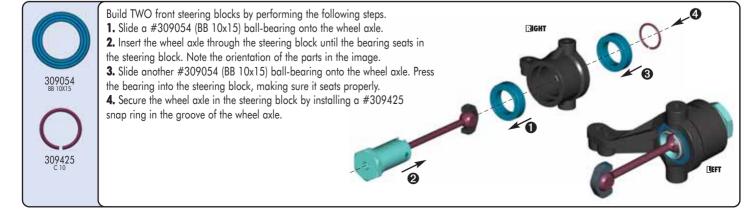
## 5. FRONT SUSPENSION



309452 P 2x10 Build TWO axles by performing the following steps.

- 1. Lightly grease a #305230 coupling and insert it into the drive shaft joint.
- **2.** Lightly grease the drive shaft joint and slide it into the #305310 wheel axle. Align the holes in the coupling with the holes in the wheel axle.
- **3.** Insert a #309452 (P 2x10) pin through the aligned holes in the coupling and wheel axle. Make sure the pin is evenly spaced on both sides of the wheel axle.
- **4.** Install the plastic cap onto the drive shaft pins.





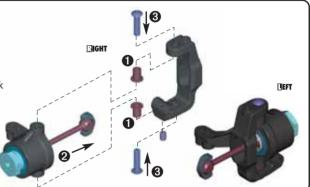
## FRONT SUSPENSION

To install a snap ring: To remove a snap ring: Place the hex portion of the wheel axle flat on a table. Place the hex portion of the Put one end of the snap ring into the groove on the wheel axle flat on a table. Insert opposite side of the axle cutout, and use a slotted a small screwdriver in the axle cutout and pry it off, taking care screwdriver to work the clip into the groove. Groove not to let it fly off the workbench. Use proper eve protection. Installation Removal



Assemble the TWO front C-hubs by performing the following steps.

- 1. Insert two #302290 bushings into the C-hub upper and lower holes. Install the bushings from the inside of the C-hub as shown, with the flanges facing into the C-hub.
- 2. Insert the steering block assembly into the C-hub, passing the driveshaft through the oblong hole in the side of the C-hub. Insert the left steering block assembly into C-hub marked L, and insert the right steering block assembly
- 3. Pass two #309336 (SH M3x12) screws through the bushings, and thread into the top and bottom of the steering block. The steering blocks should move freely.



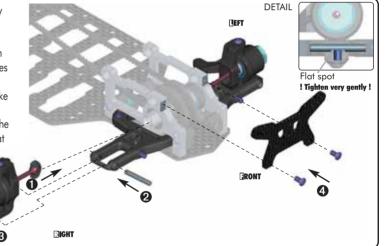


Install both front C-hub assemblies in the front lower arms by performing the following steps.

- 1. Place the driveshaft plastic cap into the diff outdrive slot. Insert the C-hub assembly into the end of the front lower arm as shown. Align the hole in the bottom of the C-hub and holes
- 2. Slide a #307220 pivot pin through the aligned holes. Make sure the flat spot on the pivot pin is toward the bottom.
- 3. Thread and tighten the #309351 (SB M3x4) set screw in the bottom of the C-hub until it is tight on the pivot pin on the flat surface on it. Be very careful not to overtighten the screw, as the threads may strip in the composite C-hub.

The C-hub assembly should move freely.

4. Mount the #302099 front shock tower to the bulkheads with two #309333 (SH M3x6) screws.



Assemble TWO front turnbuckles by threading ball joints onto the ends of a #302630 turnbuckle as shown. The ball joints should be perpendicular (90°) to each other. Adjust the turnbuckles to a length of 46 mm, measured end-to-end. Note: Each turnbuckle has a CCW thread on one end and a CW thread on the other end.









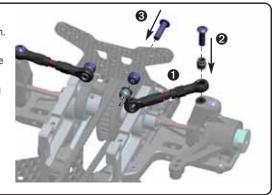
Assemble TWO front suspension arms by performing the following steps.

- 1. Place the assembled turnbuckle between the front shock tower and C-hub as shown.
- 2. Pass a #309335 (SH M3x10) screw downward through a #307454 pivot ball and turnbuckle ball joint, and thread into the hole in the top of the C-hub. Tighten until the pivot ball snaps into the ball joint, and then tighten the whole assembly.

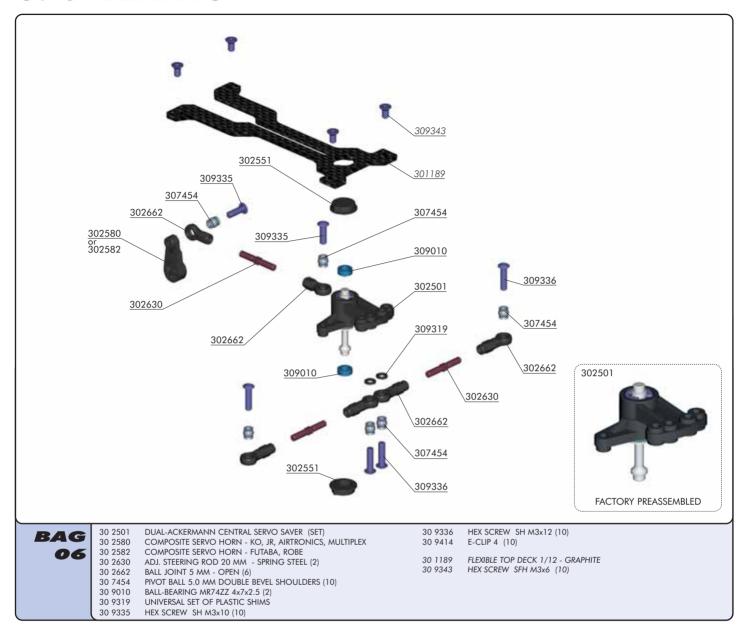
3. Mount two #309393 (M3) nuts to the rear of the #302099 front shock tower using two #309335 (SH M3x10) screws, using the outher holes as shown. Mount two #303240 balls to the rear of the shock tower on the already mounted hex screws, against the M3 nuts. Snap the ball joints onto

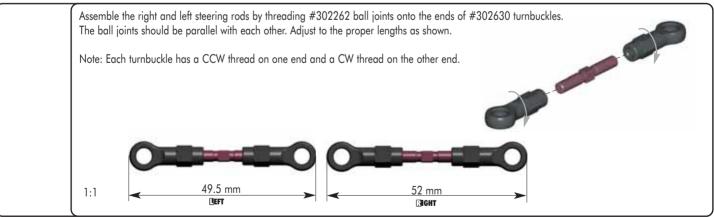
the balls on the shock tower.

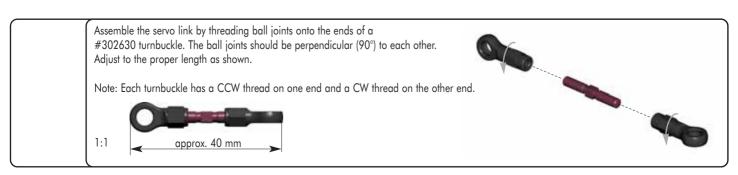




# 6. STEERING











**1.** Attach the left and right steering rods to the servo saver. Pass a #309336 (SH M3x12) screw upward through the following parts:

- #307454 pivot ball
- steering rod inner ball joint (on long end)
- #309319 shim

Thread the screw into the inner hole on the bottom of the servo saver. Tighten until the pivot ball snaps into the ball joint, and then tighten the whole assembly.

**2.** Attach the servo link to the servo saver. Pass a #309335 (SH M3x10) screw downward through a #307454 pivot ball and servo link ball joint, and thread into the servo saver side arm. Tighten until the pivot ball snaps into the ball joint, and then tighten the whole assembly.





307454

**1.** Choose the proper servo horn to fit your servo; see the parts list. Orient the servo horn as shown in the image.

**2.** Pass a #309335 (SH M3x10) screw through a #307454 pivot ball and servo link ball joint, and into the hole at the end of the servo horn. Tighten until the pivot ball snaps into the ball joint, and then tighten the whole assembly.

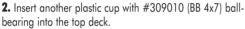
Check all servo saver arms for freedom of movement.

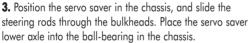




309343





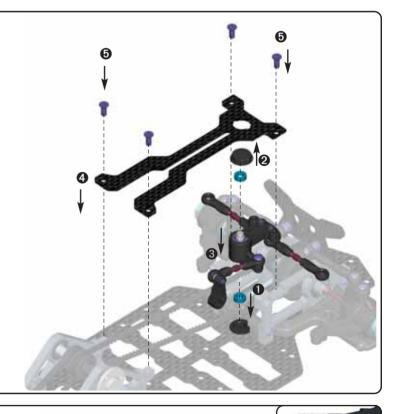


- **4.** Place the top deck atop the bulkheads. The servo saver upper axle fits into the ball-bearing in the top deck.
- **5.** Attach the upper deck to the bulkheads using four #309343 (SFH M3x6) screws.











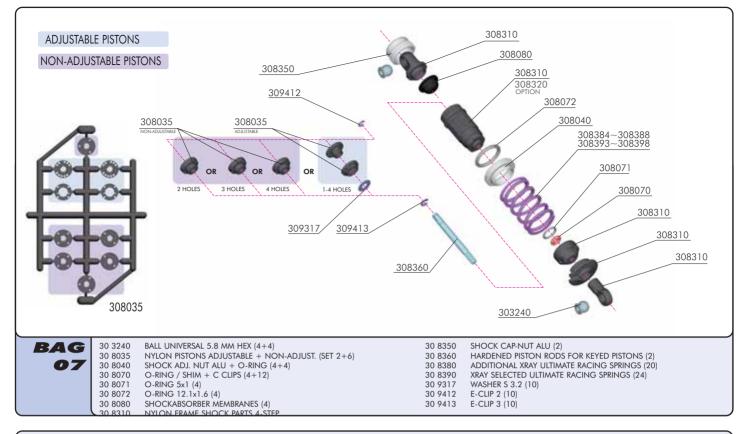
Attach the left and right steering rods to the steering blocks.

Pass a #309336 (M3x12) screw downward through a #307454 pivot ball and the steering rod ball joint, and thread into the steering block outer position. Tighten until the pivot ball snaps into the ball joint, and then tighten the whole assembly.

Check the steering system for freedom of movement.



## 7. SHOCK ABSORBERS



Properly functioning shocks are very important to the performance of your car. This XRAY shock set contains parts to build four externally-adjustable or non-adjustable shocks. Both adjustable and non-adjustable shocks feature XRAY's unique keying system that positively locks the pistons to the shock rods.

Carefully cut the parts from the frames, and then VERY carefully trim any excess flash with a sharp hobby knife. We recommend you use extra-fine sandpaper to gently smooth small flashing. The side walls of the pistons must be perfectly round and smooth for proper operation.

We recommend you build all four shocks simultaneously. Ensure you have a clean work area to build the shocks.

#### **ADJUSTABLE PISTONS**

Apply a drop or two of shock oil to the piston pieces. Press upper piston (A) into lower piston (B) as shown. The upper piston with holes (A) has a small tab that must exactly fit into one of the notches in lower piston (B).











Assemble FOUR adjustable shock rod assemblies by performing the following steps.

- 1. Press a #309413 (C 2.3) E-clip into the lower groove in the shock rod.
- 2. Place a #309317 (S 3.2) washer onto the shock rod atop the C-clip.
- **3.** Press the piston assembly onto the shock rod, aligning flat in pistons with flat on the shock rod.
- 4. Press a #309412 (C 1.9) E-clip into the upper groove in the shock rod.
- **5.** Apply a drop or two of shock oil to the piston rod assembly, and then insert the shock rod assembly into the shock body.



#### **NON-ADJUSTABLE PISTONS**

309413 As



Assemble FOUR non-adjustable piston rod assemblies by performing the following steps. Use the 3-hole non-adjustable pistons.

- 1. Press a #309413 (C 2.3) E-clip into the lower groove in the shock rod.
- **2.** Press a 3-hole piston onto the shock rod, aligning flat in piston with flat on the shock rod.
- 3. Press a #309412 (C 1.9) E-clip into the upper groove of the shock rod.
- **4.** Apply a drop or two of shock oil to the piston rod assembly, and then insert the shock rod assembly into the shock body.





Perform the following steps for all four shocks.

- 1. Lubricate the inner edge of a #308072 (O12.1x1.6) O-ring with a drop or two of shock oil. Insert it into the groove of a #308040 threaded collar.
- 2. Carefully thread the collar onto the shock body as shown.
- Be careful not to cross-thread the collar on the shock body.





#### SHOCK ABSORBERS



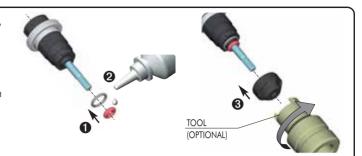
30807 O 5x1



**1.** Insert the larger #308071 (O 5x1) O-ring onto the shock body, until it seats around the shock body extension.

**2.** Lubricate the small #308070 (O 3.1x1.6) O-ring with a drop or two of shock oil. Taking care not to rip or damage the O-ring, slide it over the end of the shock rod.

**3.** Install the end-cap onto the bottom of the shock body. Lock it in place by pressing it on, then turning it CW about 1/8 of a turn. For easy assembly, use a #183010 HUDY Shock Assembly Tool.

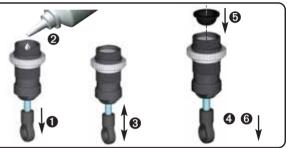


Grip the top of the shock rod's exposed thread with side-cutting pliers.

Thread the ball joint onto the shock rod until approximately 1mm of thread is exposed.



- 1. Fully extend the piston rod so the piston is at the bottom of the shock body.
- 2. Hold the shock upright and slightly overfill the shock body with shock oil.
- **3.** Let the oil settle and allow air bubbles to rise to the top. Slowly move the piston up and down until no more air bubbles appear. Add shock oil as necessary.
- 4. Pull the piston rod most of the way out of the shock body.
- 5. Place the rubber bladder on top of the shock body. Some oil should spill out.
- **6.** Move the piston out very slightly so the bladder seals against the top of the shock body.



- 1. Place the top pivot mount on top of the bladder. Note the tab on the top pivot mount.
- 2. Place the #308350 collar over the top pivot mount, and thread it fully onto the shock body. More excess oil may escape. Ensure the notch in the collar fits over the tab on the top pivot mount.

#### Shock bleeding:

Turn the shock upside down and pull the shock rod out to full extension. Release the shock end-cap by turning it CCW and pulling it slightly away from the shock body. Let the shock "vent" for at least 10 minutes; excess oil should seep out the end of the shock body. If the shock rod doesn't retract slightly into the shock body, push it in by  $1\sim2$ mm. Replace the end-cap.

Check the shock for proper operation. The shock rod must move in and out freely with only "hydraulic" dampening. The shock rod should not extend out by itself when pushed in and released, nor should it be drawn into the shock body when extended and released. If this happens, reopen the shock, refill with oil, reassemble, and repeat the bleeding procedure.



#### Shock length adjustment:

It is VERY important that all shocks are equal length. Fully extend the shock absorber and measure the end-to-end length; we recommend using digital calipers to give an accurate measurement. If a shock absorber is shorter or longer than others, adjust the shock length by tightening or loosening the ball joint on the shock rod.

#### Damping adjustment:

If you built the adjustable shocks, fully extend the shock rod and turn it slightly to lock the piston in the shock body.

Turning the shock rod fully CCW aligns 4 holes in the pistons (softest damping). Turning the shock rod fully CW aligns 1 hole in the pistons (hardest damping). The shocks have four settings, each of which can be felt by a slight "click".

Set all four shocks initially to position 3 (3 holes open).



#### Final shock assembly:

**1.** Slide a spring onto the end of the shock.

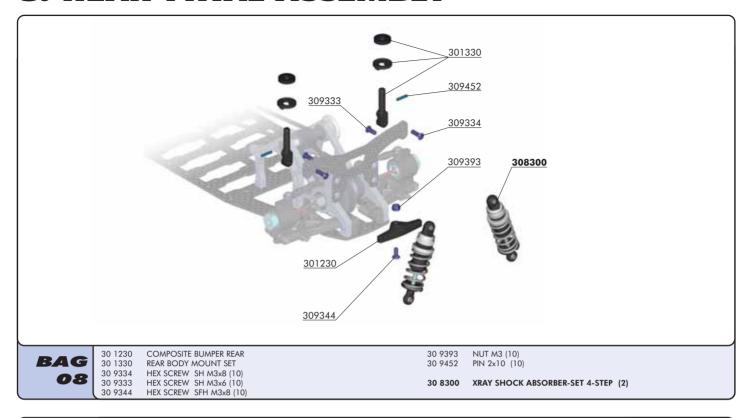
**2.** Secure the spring with a spring cup, and settle the spring cup on the ball joint.

**3.** Use pliers to install two #303240 balls in each shock; one in each of the upper and lower eyelets.

Cutaway view of assembled shock



## 8. REAR FINAL ASSEMBLY



309334 SH M3x8

309452

Assemble TWO rear body posts by performing the following steps.

1. Mount the body post to the front of the rear shock tower. The body post to the front of the rear shock tower.

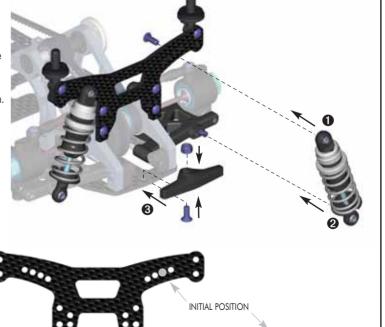
- **1.** Mount the body post to the front of the rear shock tower. The bottom plastic pin fits into the lower hole. Use a #309334 (SH M3x18) screw to fasten each body post to the shock tower.
- **2.** Insert a #309452 (P 2x10) pin into one of the holes in a rear body post. Insert the other pin into the same hole in the other body post.
- 3. Glue a rubber washer to the top of a plastic body support.
- **4.** Slide the body support onto the body post, and snap onto the pin.





Attach TWO rear shocks by performing the following steps.

- **1.** Attach the top of the rear shock to the rear shock tower. Mount the top pivot ball of the assembled rear shocks to the graphite shock tower using #309335 (SH M3x10) screws. Thread into the indicated hole in the rear shock tower.
- **2.** Attach the bottom of the rear shock to the rear lower arm. Mount the lower pivot ball of the assembled rear shocks to the exposed screws on the lower suspension arms.
- **3.** Place the #301230 rear bumper over the rear of the chassis. Place a #309393 (M3) nut into the hex recess atop the bumper. Thread a #309344 (SFH M3x8) screw up through the bottom of the chassis and through the bumper into the nut.

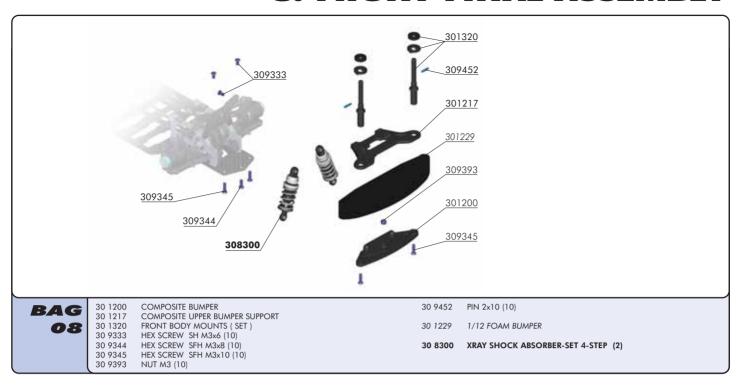


**REAR SHOCK TOWER** 



REAR LOWER ARM

## 8. FRONT FINAL ASSEMBLY



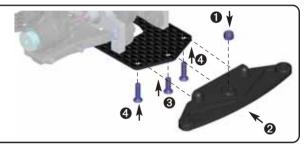


1. Place a #309393 (N M3) nut into the hex recess atop the #301200 lower bumper.

2. Place the lower bumper onto the front of the chassis.

3. Thread a #309344 (SFH M3x8) screw up through the bottom of the chassis, through the bumper, and into the M3 nut.

4. Thread two #309345 (SFH M3x10) screws up through the bottom of the chassis and into the lower bumper.





1. Insert the front body posts into the holes of the #301217 upper bumper support.

2. Slide the #301229 foam bumper up onto the body posts; the posts should extend down through the foam bumper.

3. Position the bumper assembly onto the lower bumper.

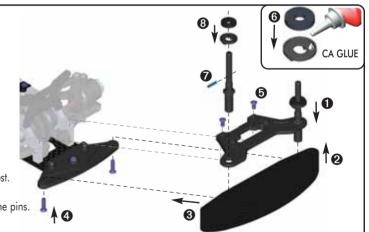
4. Secure the body posts to the lower bumper by threading two #309345 (SFH M3x10) screws upward through lower bumper into the bodyposts.

5. Secure the upper bumper support to the front bulkheads with two #309333 (SH M3x6) screws.

**6.** Glue rubber washers to the tops of the plastic body supports.

7. Insert a #309452 (P 2x10) pin into a hole in a front body post. Insert the other pin into the same hole in the other body post.

**8.** Slide the body supports into the body posts, and snap onto the pins.





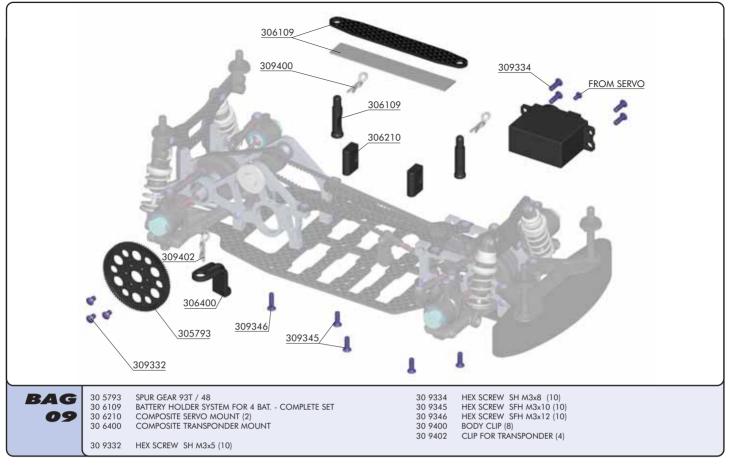
Attach TWO front shocks by performing the following steps.

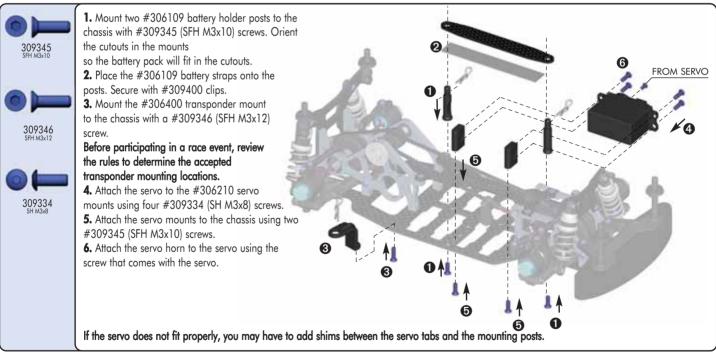
1. Attach the top of the front shock to the front shock tower. Mount the top pivot ball of the assembled rear shocks to the graphite shock tower using #309333 (SH M3x6) screws. Thread into the indicated hole in the rear shock tower.

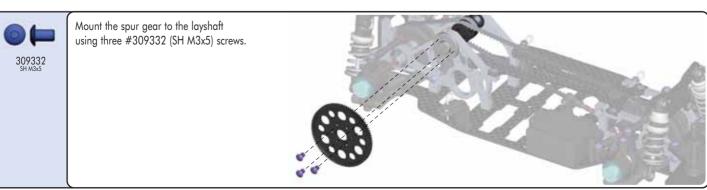
2. Attach the bottom of the front shock to the front lower arm. Mount the lower pivot ball of the assembled rear shocks to the exposed screws on the lower suspension arms.



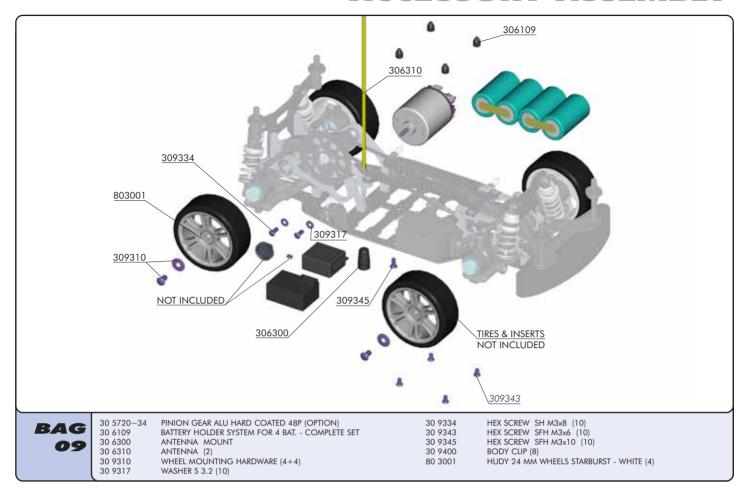
## 9. FINAL ASSEMBLY







## ACCESSORY ASSEMBLY





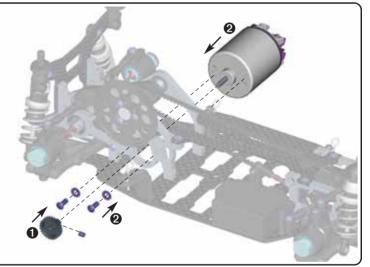
309317

1. Mount the pinion gear to the motor shaft and secure it with a #309350 (SB M3x3) set screw. Note that pinion gear is not included in the kit.

**2.** Mount the motor to the right rear bulkhead using two #309334 (SH M3x8) screws and #309317 (S 3.2) washers.

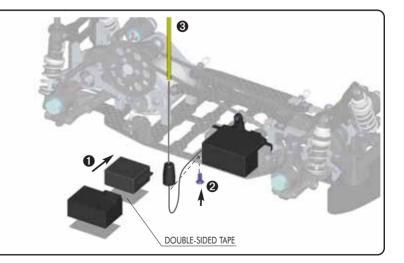
**3.** Adjust the motor so the pinion meshes with the spur gear properly.

Make sure the gear mesh is not too tight. There should be a small amount of play between the teeth of the pinion gear and the spur gear.





- **1.** Mount the receiver and speed controller on the car using double-sided tape.
- 2. Mount the #306300 antenna holder in an available position, depending on the position of the receiver. Thread a #309345 (SFH M3x10) screw from underneath the chassis into the antenna holder. Slide the receiver's antenna wire through the #306310 antenna tube.
- **3.** Pass the antenna wire up through the #306310 antenna tube, and then push the base of the antenna tube firmly into the hole of the antenna mount, making sure you don't pinch or cut the receiver's antenna wire



## ACCESSORY ASSEMBLY

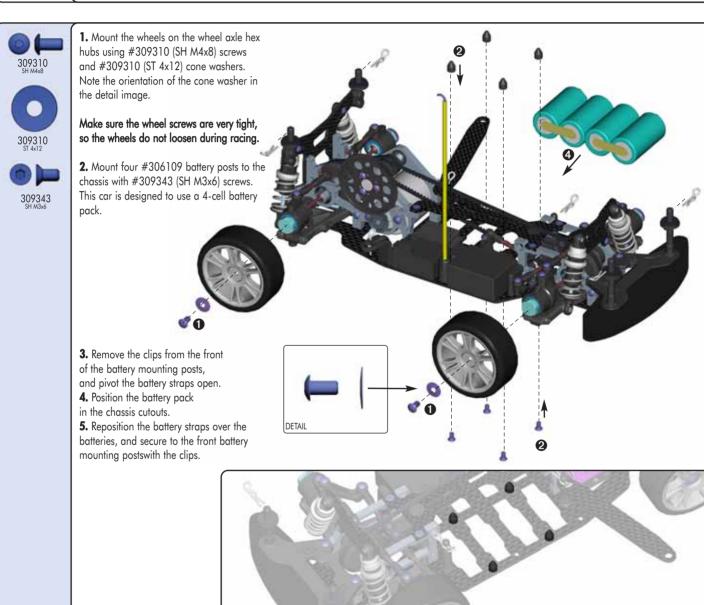
The XRAY T1 Mini is a competition racecar, and therefore does not come supplied with tires and inserts. Check with racers at tracks you attend to determine the best tire/insert combinations.

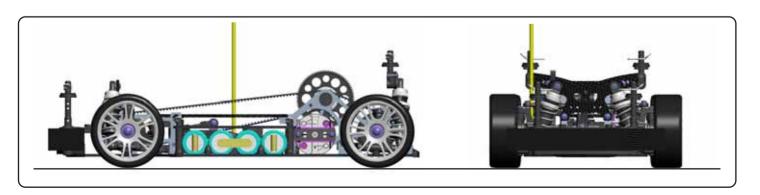
Use your own tires and inserts to prepare the wheels:

- 1. Install a foam insert into each tire, making sure it is centered.
- 2. Slide the tire (with insert) onto the wheel.
- 3. Carefully glue the tires to the wheels with CA glue.

Warning: Follow the adhesive manufacturer's instructions for proper use and safety. Wear proper eye and hand protection.







#### **IMPORTANT NOTES:**

- This product is not suitable for children except under the direct supervision of an adult.
- Carefully read all manufacturers warnings and cautions for any parts used in the construction and use of your model.
- Assemble this kit only in places away from the reach of very small children.
- First-time builders should seek advice from people who have building experience in order to assemble the model correctly and to allow the model to reach its performance potential.
- Exercise care when using tools and sharp instruments.
- Take care when building; some parts may have sharp edges. Keep small parts out of reach of small children.
- Do not put fingers or any objects inside rotating or moving parts.
- Right after using your model, do NOT touch equipment on the model because they may generate high temperatures.
- Be sure that your operating frequency is clear before running and never share the same frequency with somebody else at the same time.
- Always turn on your transmitter before you turn on the receiver/speed controller or connect the battery pack. Always turn off the receiver/speed controller or disconnect the battery pack before turning your transmitter off.
- · Disconnect the battery pack before storing your model.
- When learning to operate your model, go to an area that has no obstacles that can damage your model if you crash.
- Remove any sand, mud, dirt, grass or water before putting your model away.
- Use a recommended charger for the batteries and follow the instructions correctly. Over-charging, incorrect charging, or using inferior chargers can cause the batteries pack to become dangerously hot.
- Do not allow the transmitter batteries to run low, otherwise you risk losing control of the model.

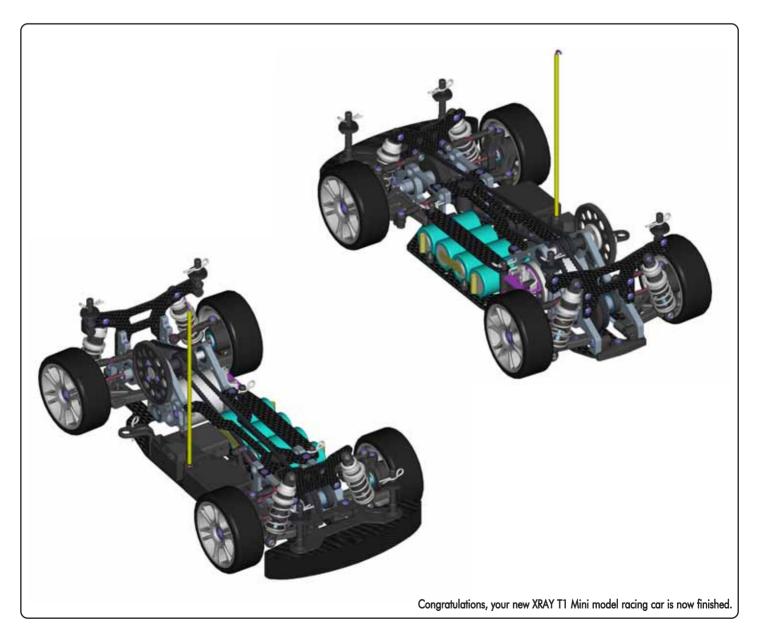
- Regularly check the charger for potential hazards such as damage to the cable, plug, casing or other defects. Ensure that any damage is rectified before using the charger again.
- Do not allow any metal part to short circuit the batteries or speed control.
- If the model behaves strangely, immediately stop the model and check and clear the problem.
- Do not stall the motor. The speed control will fail within seconds if power is applied to the motor when the car cannot move.
- The composite material is sensitive to very high temperatures. Prolonged exposure to very high temperatures will damage the composite and may cause it to deform. For example, do not leave the T1R in a sealed car during hot days.
- Do not use your model:
  - Near real cars, animals, or people that are unaware that an R/C car is being driven.
- In places where children and people gather
- In residential districts and parks
- In limited indoor spaces
- In wet conditions
- In the street

Take adequate safety precautions prior to operating this model.

You are responsible for this model's assembly and safe operation.

Disregard of the any of the above cautions may lead to accidents, personal injury, or property damage.

XRAY MODEL RACING CARS assumes no responsibility for any injury, damage, or misuse of this product during assembly or operation.







XRAY MODEL RACING CARS
PO.BOX 103
911 50 TRENČÍN
SLOVAKIA, EUROPE
PHONE: ++421 905 402724
support@teamxray.com